Saks & Company Square

Specialists in Apparel for Men, Women and Children

FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

A Most Important Sale of

Fine Lisle Half Hose for Men.

Special at 35c Six pairs \$1.90

Regularly 50c and 75c

One of those big events which punctuates

the conduct of our business, now and

then, is this. There are 14,136 pairs of

Not one pair is worth less than fifty

cents. At least one-half of them are

The diversity of styles is exhaustive--

plain lisle and silk lisle in black and

colors, elaborately silk embroidered, silk

FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

An Important Special:

Plaited Coat Shirts for Men

At \$1.10

Regularly \$1.50 and \$1.75

So that there can be no quibbling relative to the

term regular, we would have you know that the

shirts are as good in fabrics and in tailoring as

those for which we must demand \$1.50 and \$1.75

Semi-negligee coat shirts with plaited bosoms.

stud holes or buttons, cuffs attached, in all

manner of stripes and designs on white or

FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

\$1.00 French Seam Scarfs at 50c

Scarfs such as you would expect to find in the most

exclusive shops-French seam four-in-hands, gener-

ous in proportions, fashioned of excellent silk in

stippled blue, red, Alice, purple, green, marine and

gray grounds, with wide black diagonal stripes well

Saks \$3.50 Shoes for Men

What is to you the first essential in

a shoe? Is it service? Is it style? Is

it comfort? Taking it for granted that

you demand all three and still will the

Saks Three-fifty Shoe satisfy your de-

Button, lace and blucher models in all the dull leathers. For pat-

Imported Underwear for Men

Because we believe them to be high enough in char-

acter to more than justify the prices, we would have

you center your interest in the following three series

Unshrinkable Shirts and Drawers of absolutely pure

Shirts and Drawers of silk and wool, in robin's egg blue, the garment, \$4:50

Shirts and Drawers of silk and wool of the finest grade in white or silver gray, the garment, \$5.50

of English garments which we have just imported.

Negligee coat shirts with plain bosoms, cuffs 1

in the regular course of business.

colored grounds.

attached, of cheviot.

mands-thoroughly.

ent colt skin and patent leather, add fifty cents.

wool in natural or silver gray,

An admirable collar for Autumn,

spanning the gap between the free-and-easiness of Summer and the

No agonized pulling to adjust

your scarf, because of the "Slip-

The "Frontenac" is Linen and

'tis so stamped. Collars not stamp-

ed Linen are cotton. Linen doubles

the life of your collars. Cotton

doubles only your collar-bills and

Booklet, "Linen Facts" freefor a postal
HENRY HOLMES & SON
Factory, Troy, N. Y.

GENERAL VEHICLE CO.

EVERY DAY BUSINESS

AND PUBLIC SERVICE

POWER VEHICLES.

Long Island City - . New York.

starchiness of Winter.

asy" band.

collar-ills

clocked or silk striped. All sizes.

the standard seventy-five cent grade.

half hose involved.

PLAIN SAILING IN CUBA NOW.

TAFT BRINGS BACK CHEERING NEWS FOR ROOSEVELT.

Situation Gone Over in Two Long Conferences at the White House-Cuba to Pay Part of What Occupation Cost Us - Marines and Ships to Be Withdrawn.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18 .- Cheering news of conditions in Cuba was given to President Roosevelt to-day by Mr. Taft, the Secretary of War, and Mr. Bacon, the Assistant Secretary of State, who arrived in Washngton from Havana at an early hour this morning. So pleased was the President with the outlook for a continuance of peace, as sketched by Mr. Taft, that he determined not to postpone his projected trip until March, when the Congress session will have ended, but will carry out his original intention to visit the Isthmus, between election time and the convening of the Senate and the House.

There were two long conferences at the White House to-day in which the Cuban situation was discussed. In both of these Mr. Taft and Mr. Bacon took part. There was nothing official forthcoming as to the details of the proceedings in the President's office, but the general character of the communications made to the President by his special commissioners was plainly indicated in a subsequent expression of opinion by Mr. Taft that the independent Cuban Government would be reestablished without any likelihood of further outbreak.

No time has been set for the period of American occupation, but from what Mr. Taft said it is probable that Gov. Magoon will not be ready to turn over the administration of affairs to the Cubans before the unddle of next year.

I do not know how long it will be necessary for us to remain in Cuba," said Mr. Taft after his first visit to the White House, but certainly we will not withdraw until there is complete tranquillity. I do not believe that that will come until after the Cuban election. I believe that when the United States authority has been withdrawn it will be impossible thereafter for another revolution to occur. The foremost policy of the United States

in dealing with the Cuban situation, it can he said definitely, will be to secure a peaceable and fair election of President, Vice-President and members of Congress. The election will not take place until conditions n the island become absolutely normal. The American military force will supervise the elections and will guarantee a square deal to all parties to the contest. It will be a matter of only a few weeks after the elections before the new Government is installed. The American officials and troops will then be ready to depart.

Cuba will bear part of the cost incurred by the United States in taking hold of affairs and sending troops to the island. Just what proportice Cuba will pay for has not been determined. Secretary Taft will prepare a report on the subject for the President. In this he will outline what the Cubans should pay. Mr. Taft intended preparing this statement on his way back from Cuba, but the weather was extremely from Cuba, but the weather was extremely rough and not conducive to heavy though and legal consideration on any subject. It will probably be some time before the question is finally decided, as Secretary Tatt desires to get legal advice on the

The sending of troops has stopped with the departure of the first expeditionary brigade now known as the Army of Cuban Pacification. There is no necessity for more troops. On the contrary most of the marines, of whom there are now 2,400 in Cuba, will be withdrawn. It is likely that 500 or 1,000 marines will be retained for a time for service in places where it is somewhat impracticable to send men of the army. For instance, there is a deof the army. For instance, there is a de-tachment of marines on the Isle of Pines, south of Cuba, where the sending soldiers, as long as marines could be d, would be inadvisable.

had, would be inadvisable.

With regard to the vessels of the navy the Administration is planning to withaw all the ships soon with the excep-on of two or three smaller vessels which ill be retained for transferring troops om one part of the island to another.

will be retained for transferring troops from one part of the island to another. Ultimately most of the marize will be taken aboard warships and brought to take the will then return to Washington and resume has duties as Chief of Staff of the army. Has successor has not been definitely selected, but will probably be either Eng. Gen. Duvall, now commanding the bepartment of the Gulf, or Brig.—Gen. Wint, recently in charge of the mobilization and embarkation of the first expedition from Newport News but whose permanent station is the command of the Department of the Gulf. Secretary Taft is anvious to have Gen. Bell back in Washington to assist him with the affairs of the snaw, but he will keep Gen. Bell in Cuba until the American occupation becomes a more or less routine affair, which will be in a month or six weeks.

Secretary Taft said to-day that he wished Secretary Taft and the work of the work of the work of the work of the case of Caroline Kraft, convicted of manslaughter in the first degree. Those there cases had cost the county of New York something like \$30,000. The higher cases had cost the county of New York something like \$30,000. The higher cases had cost the county of New York something like \$30,000. The higher cases had cost the county of New York something like \$30,000. The higher cases had cost the county of the Recorder's rulings, not even counting the part of the Recorder's rulings, not even counting the saccuse of Caroline Kraft, convicted of manslaugh

Secretary Taft said to-day that he wished in understood that the withdrawal of Brigather-General Funston from command in the was not in any way a reflection upon that officer. The announcement made that officer. The announcement made to-day that Gen. Funston is to command the Southwestern division is ample proof of this. Secretary Taft wanted Gen. Funston in Cuba because he was familiar with the situation and with the people with whom Secretary Taft had to deal. He had a personal acquaintance with many of the insurrecto leaders. Before Gen. Bell, who relieved Gen. Funston, was ordered to Cuba Secretary Taft wrote to the Presidert expressing his desire that Gen. Bell he sent to take charge of the American forces. Gen. Bell had had much experience dealing with similar situations in the Philippines and the Secretary desired his assistance.

Secretary Taft's task in Cuba was a diffi-Secretary lair's task in Cuba was a diffi-cult one, and for many days the situation was so critical that a spark would have started a row which would have brought about conditions from which Cuba could

about conditions from which Cuba could not have recovered in ten years.

At a long conference held at the White House this afternoon between President Roosevelt. Secretary Root, Secretary Taft and Assistant Secretary Bacon the Cuban situation was discussed: Afterward it was explained, among other things, that the United States Government would designate a bank to take care of Cuba's fiscal affairs, and that an American fiscal agent would and that an American fiscal agent would

probably be appointed also. DYING IN MOTHER'S ARMS.

Woman Carries Boy Run Over by Truck to Hospital-Boy Beyond Help.

Max Katz, 10 years old, was run over by a heavy truck at Gouverneur and Henry streets last night and died five minutes after he was carried into Gouverneur Hospital by his mother. The truck which caused death was driven away and the detecwes from the Madison street station house Little Max and his mother, Mrs. Mary

Katz, who lives at 347 Cherry street, were out for a walk. They were on Henry street, when the boy started across Gouverneur. He was caught in the middle by the heavy

The mother ran forward, seized his limp body and rushed to the hospital. Dr. Munford was at the door, but one look at the boy told him he was beyond aid. As he was laid on the operating table he breathed his last. The mother was so heartbroken she could not even describe the truck that ran her son down.

Dr. Menger Acquitted.

Dr. William Menger, a Union Hill physician, was acquitted by a jury in the Court of General Sessions in Jersey City last night of criminally assaulting Mrs. David Gessler, the young wife of an elderly West Hoboken man. The trial lasted two days.

A Most Inviting Investment

Real Estate Mortgages, owing to recent legislation exempting them from personal taxation, form "A most inviting investment," which this company provides in its most attractive form.

The mortgages offered are upon selected New York realty, the titles to which have been searched and insured by the Title Guarantee & Trust

They may be had for large or small amounts singly or in quantity, and with payment of principal and interest guar-anteed by the Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Company, if desired.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO

Capital & Surplus, - \$11,000,000

176 Broadway, New York, 175 Remen Street, Brooklyn. 850 Fulton Street, Jamaica. Brooklyn Banking Dept., 198 Montague St.

A HEARST MAN ON THE BENCH.

GOFF AND HIS RECORD OF RE-VERSALS BY HIGHER COURTS.

His Rulings in Capital Cases Upset by the Court of Appeals-Rebuked for the Admission of Improper Testimony and for Evident Bias in His Charges.

John W. Goff, who is one of the candidates for the Supreme Court that Hearst got Murphy to put on the Murphy-Mearst judiciary ticket, has the record of being reversed oftener by the Court of Appeals than any other man who ever sat in the Court of General Sessions. Before he had been a year on the bench he gained a reputation as a jurist whose opinions on law and evidence almost invariably differed from those of the higher courts. So often were his decisions reversed that it became the fashion to picture him standing on his

In the case of Maria Barberi, who was tried before Goff for the murder of her lover and sentenced to death by the Recorder, the conviction was set aside by the Court of Appeals. Judge O'Brien wrote the opinion, which was unanimous, and in it he took occasion to score unmercifully the trial judge. Lawyers say that no trial judge was ever so severely rebuked. The opinion held that the defendant was not guilty of murder in the first degree unless the act was premeditated, not only with the intent to kill but also with de liberation and premeditation. Then it went on to lay down the methods which should have been employed to ascertam whether she was actually guilty of mur-der in the first degree. Continuing the Court said:

"The learned Court instructed the fury that the method of determining the question, and the only method, was by considering her act at the time it was committed. These instructions excluded from the consideration of the jury all the facts and circumstances of which the homicide was but the culmination. We think the charge in this respect was erroneous.'

But the Barbieri case stood by no means alone. In 1896 a nurderer, who was convicted before Goff, died in his cell before he could be executed. The lawyers said he could be executed. The lawyers said then that it was an act of mercy to Goff, because the case of this murderer was the only capital case at the trial of which the Recorder had presided and which afterward had been presented to the Court of Appeals for review in which the Recorder had not been reversed. In September, 1896, he was reversed twice in eight days, although prior to that time there had not been a reversal in a capital case tried in the Court of General Sessions here in fifteen years.

The first of these was the parbieri case. It was quickly followed by a decision in the case of Vincenso Nino, an insane Italian who issue pren convicted before Goff. These

Judge. Molineux was finally acquitted and he is now a free man.

There are other instances in which Recorder Goff has been reversed in the Appellate Division. One of them was the case of an Italian named Cassata, whom the Recorder Italian named Cassata, whom the Recorder had sentenced to nineteen years imprisonment for manslaughter in the first degree. The reversal was based on Goff's charge to the jury. The opinion, in which all the Justices of the court concurred, was written by Justice O'Brien, who said almost in so many words that the Recorder forgot the evidence of two witnesses for the defence and misstated the facts as well as the law to the jury, all to the prejudice of the prisoner.

Central Pays Special Franchise Tax. Comptroller Metz received yesterday rom the New York Central Railroad a check for \$143,311 on account of the money due to the city from the company under the special franchise tax law. The payment covered the indebtedness for the years 1900 to 1905

The Weather.

Because of the high pressure area over the north eastern section of the country and the storm area on the Florida coast the prevailing winds along the entire Atlantic coast were brisk to high northeast yesterday. Heavy rain fell in Florida, Georgia and fennessee and there were lesser falls in the Middle Tennessee and there were lesser rails in the article Atlantic States, the Lake regions and the upper Mississippi Valley, and in all sections from the Arkansas and upper Mississippi valleys eastward the weather was cloudy and unsettled.

The northwestern low pressure advanced to

Minnesota and extended southward to Kansas. in all the western sections the pressure was high and the weather fair and generally colder, with freezing temperatures in Wyoming and Nevada. The greatest declines in temperature occurred in the Dakotas and Minnesota and south to Colorado

In this city the day was cloudy, with light rain; wind brisk to high northeast; average bumidity 77 per cent.; barometer, corrected to read to sea level, at 8 A. M., 30.32; 3 P. M., 30.22. The temperature yesterday as recorded by the

The temperature yesterday as recorded by the official thermometer is shown in the annexed table:

1906, 1905, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1905, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906, 1906

WASHINGTON PORECAST FOR TO DAY AND TO MORSOW. For eastern New York, rain to day; fresh to brisk northeast winds on the coast; showers to morrow, rollowed by fair in the afternoon. For New England, rain to day and probably to morrow; brisk to high northeast whide off south-

rn coast. For eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Delaware, rain to day; rain to morrow, followed by fair in the afternoon; brisk east to southeast winds. For the District of Columbia, Maryland and Virginia, rain to day; fair and somewhat cooler to-morrow; fresh to brisk east winds.

For western New York and western Pennsylvania, rain to day and probably to marrow; brisk south

CAN'T GET THE SHERIFF OUT.

MAKEEVER BROS. TIED UP, BA NK ACCOUNT AND ALL.

Easton Agent Gets Together 31 Buyers of "Montana-Overland" and They Sue for \$84,500, Alleging That It Was Obtained by Fraudulent Representations.

George Davis Hurlock of Easton, Pa., used to sell mining stocks for "Makeever Bros. Stocks and Bonds, 170 Broadway. Hurlock became the Easton representative of Makeever Bros about a year ago and was such until July last. He had considerable experience in selling stocks and Easton people are easy, anyway; so, much to the satisfaction of the Makeevers, who number Sanford, Madison M. and John L., Hurlock made a success of his agency and sold many thousand shares of the then pet stock of the Makeevers, known as the Montana-Overland Mining Company. Hurlock's commissions were handsome, about 40 per cent., but when the Makeevers dropped the Montana to boom something else Hurlock's troubles began to pile up quicker even than his commissions

All Easton got after him, showing him etters from the Makeevers telling investors that they had decided to drop Montana-Overland, as it had not turned out as well as was expected. "You've had your shot at it with us," the letters from the Makeevers o disputatious investors read, "and if it is not good enough for us to develop further, it would be a waste of time and poor judgment to continue on, and we will not do so, the last five words being underlined.

The underlined words rankled in Easton bosoms and sent forth their owners to have it out with Hurlock. The latter had done a little investigating on his own account. He got thirty-one of the victims in Easton and elsewhere together and began a suit against the three Makeevers. The total of the amount invested by the thirty-one and Hurlock himself was \$84,500, so the suit is to recover that amount with interest, on the ground that the plaintiff and his thirty-one assignors had been induced to invest their money by means of fraudulent representations by the Makeevers in worthless stock.

Some researches into the homes and antecedents of the Makeevers by Hurlock and his lawyers. Keith & Abbott spissed

and his lawyers, Keith & Abbott, satisfied the Supreme Court that the Makeeyers, although doing business at 170 Broadway, were not legal residents of this State, so Hurlock got an attachment against the property of the firm, which attachment property of the firm, which attachment s still in force, much to the annoyance of

the Makeevers.

The Sheriff dropped in at 170 Broadway at an opportune moment, for his visit re-sulted in the attachment of property which the Makeevers say is worth at least \$48,000. The levy took in all the sumptuous office furniture, all the stocks and securities,

furniture, all the stocks and securities, "running up to a million dollars," as Sanford Makeever says, and, worse than all, the firm's bank account of \$7,634 and the contents of the Makeever vault in the Maiden Lane Safe Deposit Vaults.

The vault held lots of securities. For instance, 4,400 shares of Amparo Mining Company stock, valued at \$6,160; 9,500 more shares of Amparo, held as collateral against a loan of \$9,500; 1,500 more Amparo, also held as collateral; 3,900 Phœnix shares, worth, the Makeevers say, \$5,850, and a worth, the Makeevers say, \$5,850, and a \$1,000 bond of a Tombstone, Ariz., corporation. Then there were deeds and lots more stocks, the value of which it would be hard to tell, but as the Makeevers say. t is depreciating every day while the Sheriff holds the stocks.

Against all this Hurlock had only put up his little \$250 undertaking and a second

up his little \$250 undertaking, as is custom-ary to secure the defendants in case they should recover costs against him. Two or three times the Makeevers have tried hard to have the attachment set aside, assuring the Supreme Court that they are eminently responsible business men, but the Supreme Court has been very heartless and the attachment still holds good.

and the attachment still holds good.

The other day the Makeevers tried another trick and asked Justice Leventritt to compel Hurlock to increase his bond. They thought that about \$50,000 would be sufficient to secure them against the probable depreciation in the value of Amparo and other stocks while the Sheriff is nursing them. Hurlock opposed the motion, and Justice Leventritt will be satisfied with a \$2,500 bond from the Easton man, which he expects to have no trouble in getting.

which he expects to have no trouble in getting.

On the application, John L. Makeever assured the court that the attachment was a shame. John says he is worth at least \$250,000 free and clear of all his obligations, and that that does not include his interest in the firm. He owns 2,000 acres of land in Nebraska and Indiana worth \$80,000, he says, and has other important interests which are being seriously jeopardized by the attachment.

John L. says his former Easton representative is 'Irresponsible and doesn't dare come to New York and face the situation.

Sanford Makeever says that he is a resident of New York and that no attachment should issue against him as a non-resident. Sanford Makeever he was the Hatel Maissic.

issue against him as a non-resident. San-ford says he lives at the Hotel Majestic.

The Pianola Piano

The only piano that unites in a single instrument a piano of the highest grade with the "Standard Piano-Player of the World."

7 HENEVER you hear this or that "Player-Piano" spoken of you are hearing a direct tribute to the Pianola Piano, for its success has inspired the many imitations.

If you want this new idea in music at all, surely you want it in the shape of the Pianola Piano, the only instrument that contains a Piano-Player of the greatest prestige, the only one with that indispensable, help, the Metrostyle, and the only one that enters into the question at all when well-posted musicians make the

> Prices \$560 to \$1,000; purchasable on moderate monthly payments.

The Aeolian Co., Acolian Hall, 362 5th Ave., new York

and is worth well over \$300,000. He told that to Justice Bischoff some time ago, but the Justice didn't see his way to vacating

the attachment.

Sanford goes into more detail than John about the suit and what it involves. He says that his firm is eminently trustworthy, one of the big mining firms of the city, and owns "about \$1,00,000 worth of various mining stocks." The Montana-Overland, like all the other Makeever stocks, says Sanford is said under an absolute guaran-

like all the other Makeever stocks, says Sanford, is sold under an absolute guarantee, by which the investor is securely protected. The guarantee is that if he doesn't like Overland after a while he can swap it for some other Makeever stock.

As to Hurlock, Sanford says that he first met the plaintiff in September, 1906, and employed him to sell stocks for the firm. A month later, he says, he found Hurlock's name posted in the Wall Street Mining Exchange as a "cash advance grafter and skin agent." He kept on employing Hurlock for several months, nevertheless, until he could no longer put up with Hurlock's demands for cash advances.

vances.
Hurlock, in his reply, describes Makeever
Bros. as "a get rich quick concern of the
most dangerous, because the most plausible, character."

ible, character."
Several of Hurlock's customers at Easton join in affidavits as to his good character and business standing. They all add that they have been approached several times by representatives of the Makeevers effering to exchange their holdings of Montana Overland for stock in the San Pablo, the Idaho and the El Favor Mining companies. These offers were rejected by those approached.

State Humane Convention.

BINGHAMTON, Oct. 18 .- The State convention of humane societies adjourned this afternoon. The following officers were elected: President, Robert J. Wilkin of Brooklyn: secretary, H. Clay Preston of Brooklyn; treasurer, Wilber S. Peck of Syra-Charles M. Hall of Kingston, the Hon. John T. Lindsay of New York, and Dr. G. B. Balch of Yonkers.

The convention announced its intention to work for a marriage license law for New York State to prevent young couples coming here to evade the Pennsylvania marriage

Brokers' Stock and Grain Company Incorporated.

Articles of incorporation of the Brokers' Stock and Grain Company, a \$500,000 concern with \$10 shares, were filed vesterday at the office of County Clerk John Rotherham in Jersey City. The company proposes to do a general brokerage business dealing in stocks, bonds, securities, grain, &c. The office is at I Montgomery street, Jersey City. The incorporators are John kenny, 178 Seventh street. Jersey City; Harry H. Pfeiffer, 35 Englewood avenue, Englewood, and George A. Kip, 16 Beau-fort street, Jamaica, L. I., the agent, on hom all processes may be served.

Bead Near the Vault He Guarded. Sidney B. Van Dyke, 70 years old, of 620 Monroe street, Brooklyn, who had long been night watchman at the Brooklyn Bank, 2 Clinton street, died suddenly on Wednesday When the usual hour signal from night. When the usual hour signal from the bank was not ring up a District Tele-graph officer was sent around to make an investigation and he found the aged watch-man dead on the floor near the vault.

New South Wales Has Three Vacancies,

& Co. of this city that the Government of New South Wales is about to appoint a chief commissioner of railways, an assistant railway commissioner and a tramway commissioner for the New South Wales railways and tramways. The appointments, under the State railway law, are for a term of seven years, renewable for like

The chief commissioner has supreme authority in respect to the management and maintenance of all the railways and tramways of the State and has a salary of £3,000 a year. The assistant railway commissioner draws a salary of £1,500 a year. The tramway commissioner controls the tramways, which are chiefly electric, under the railway commissioner and has a salary of £1,500.

WOMAN KILLED BY AUTOMOBILE. Light Wagon in Which She Was Driving Struck at a Sharp Turn.

NEWTON, N. J., Oct. 18.-Mrs. Henry instantly killed in an automobile accident to-day She was driving from Branchville light wagon when at a sharp turn in the

such accidents.

NOTICE TO RAILROAD MEN.

\$15,000 to \$7,500 a Year.

to apply before November 19 to the Agent-General for New South Wales in London. The combined earnings of the railways and tramways in New South Wales for the last year exceeded £5,000,000; an increase of £550,775 in the railway earnings over the previous year and of £57,579 in the earnings of the tramways. There are 3,390 miles of railroad open and 126 miles of tramways. The railways carried over 37,000,000 passengers and the tramways 145,000,000. The street car system of Sydney comprises 129 miles of track, all run by electricity. Last year the tramways of the Government after paying working expenses and interest returned a surplus to the State of £55,960. While a short time ago New South Wales was reported to be suffering from financial depression, this report made by the railroad commissioners to the Legislature indicated

ernment is to fill are required to state their age and their experience.

Kays, the wife of a farmer near here, was to this place with her young daughter in a road an automobile driven by Frank Allen, son of a wealthy physician at Bernardsville, struck her vehicle squarely. Mrs. Kays was thrown to one side of the road and her daughter to the other.

TWO MEN

offer their services for a given purpose. One demonstrates his strength to be twice greater than the task needs. The other fellow exhausts himself with it. Which of the two would go on your payroll?

Ours is the first organization to tailor readyfor-service suits that command forty-five dollars, not arbitrarily, but because they are worth it and justify the price.

How could this twice greater strength exist without manifesting itself in the suits and coats which the same organization tailors, to command fifteen and twenty dollars? .

Do not such garments inherit definite benefits and to some degree manifest the higher phases of expressive tailoring? Absolutely.

Particularly would we center your interest upon our \$15.00 Fall Overcoat of black or Oxford gray thibet and cheviot, silk-lined throughout and with or without silk-faced lanels.

Herald Square

Saks & Company

SPECIALISTS IN APPAREL FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

Announcement is made by R. W. Cameron

periods.

Applicants for these places are asked

a return of prosperous times to the colony the net return to capital in connection with the railroads being the highest reported by the commissioners since their appoint-

Applicants for the places which the Gov-

Allen saw that the woman was badly injured, but that the child was not much hurt. He hurried them to a drug store in Branchville, but was told when he arrived there that the woman was dead. Witnesses of the accident say that Allen did not heed a danger signal at the turn in the road put up by the highway commissioners to prevent

33d to 34th St.

MARRIED.

the garment \$3.75

LANE BASSETT. Dr. and Mrs. John Samuel Bassett announce the marriage of their daugh-ter. Josephine Atterbury, to William Busace Lane, at the Church of the Incarnation in New York city, on Monday, Oct. 15.

DIED.

ANDERSON.—Suddenly, a prieratoga, N. T., Thursday morning, Oct. 18, Sarah Cliuz, widow of the late Gen. Robert H. Anderson of Savannah, Ga. Remains will be taken to 51 East 66th at., X. Y. city. Notice of funeral later.

BERGEN.-Suddenly, of pneumonia, on Oct. 17, 1906, Tunts H. Bergen. Funeral from the residence of his brother-in-law, A. L. Brower, 1271 Bedford av., Brooklyn, on Saturday, Oct. 20. at 2 o'clock P. M. In-

terment at convenience of family. BETSON.-On the 18th inst., Ellen Betson, be loved sister in law of James E. McLarney, at her late residence, 862 Lexington av.

Funeral Monday, Oct. 22, at 9:30 A. M., to St. Vincent Ferrer's Church, Lexington av. and BLISS. - At her late residence, 4 East 61st st., Oct. 18.
Anna Metcalf, wife of the late Eliphalet W. Bliss.

in the 69th year of her age. Funeral services will be held at St. Bartholomew Church on Saturday at 2 o'clock. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers. BROWNING -- At Llewellyn Park, West Orange.

N. J., Oct. 17, 1906, Katharine Hamilton, widow of Ross C. Browning, aged 76 years. Funeral services will be held at her late residence on Friday, Oct. 19, at 2:30 P. M. Carriages will meet the 1:15 train from New York at Orange station, D., L. & W. R. R. Interment at venlence of family.

SHANLEY .- On Wednesday, Oct. 17, Jennie A. Shanley, beloved sister of Mrs. William Burke and devoted cousin and faithful housekeeper of the Rev. Dr. McCormick of St. Vincent's rectory, Bayonne, N. J.

Relatives and friends and also friends of the Rev. Dr. McCormick, together with the Children of Mary, are invited to her funeral on Saturday, Oct. 20, from St. Vincent's Church, Avenue C and 47th st., Bayonne, N. J. Solemn mass of requiem will be celebrated at 10:30 A: M. Please omit flowers.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrap for childr tecthing, softens the gums, reduces inflammatic allays pain, sures wind coilc, diarrhosa, 25c.a bett